

# UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/646,023	08/22/2003	Baojun Li	135841 (3786)	9246
7590 09/20/2004			EXAMINER	
Tracey R. Loughlin DOUGHERTY, CLEMENTS & HOFER Suite 300 1901 Roxborough Road Charlotte, NC 28211			ARTMAN, THOMAS R	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2882	<del></del>
			DATE MAILED: 09/20/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/646,023	LI ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Thomas R Artman	2882
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet with	the correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RE THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory per  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by stany reply received by the Office later than three months after the mearned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	N. R 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a rep reply within the statutory minimum of thirty r riod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTH atute, cause the application to become ABA	ly be timely filed  30) days will be considered timely.  IS from the mailing date of this communication.  NDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 2.	2 August 2003.	
2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ⊠ 1	This action is non-final.	: :
3) Since this application is in condition for allo closed in accordance with the practice under		
Disposition of Claims		
4) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-26</u> is/are pending in the applicat 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withe 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,2,4-15 and 17-26</u> is/are rejected 7) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>3 and 6</u> is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	drawn from consideration.	
Application Papers		:
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Exam	niner.	
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on 22 August 2003 is/a	re: a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ obje	ected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to	the drawing(s) be held in abeyanc	e. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the cor 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	•	f : :
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority docum 2. Certified copies of the priority docum 3. Copies of the certified copies of the papplication from the International But * See the attached detailed Office action for a	nents have been received.  The sents have been received in Appriority documents have been reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	plication No eceived in this National Stage
Attachment(s)  1) Milyling of References Cited (RTO 892)	4) Intension Su	mmary (PTO-413)
<ol> <li>Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)</li> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>22 August 2003</u>.</li> </ol>	Paper No(s)	Mail Date ormal Patent Application (PTO-152)

**DETAILED ACTION** 

Page 2

Claim Objections

Claims 6 and 19 are objected to under 37 CFR 1.75(c), as being of improper dependent

form for failing to further limit the subject matter of a previous claim. Applicant is required to

cancel the claim(s), or amend the claim(s) to place the claim(s) in proper dependent form, or

rewrite the claim(s) in independent form.

Both claims recite the limitation where the detector is tilted such that it is aimed at the

center position of the total sweep angle. This makes the individual sweep angles on either side

of the detector centerline equal, and therefore the total sweep angle is symmetric. This is in

direct conflict with parent claims 1 and 14, respectively, which specifically claim that the total

sweep angle is asymmetric, where the individual sweep angles on either side of the detector

centerline are different. Therefore, claims 6 and 19 do not further limit their parent claims 1 and

14 and are improper dependent claims under 37 CFR 1.75(c).

For the purposes of expediting prosecution, the examiner will assume that claims 6 and

19 allow the device to use symmetric total sweep angles.

Art Unit: 2882

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 6 and 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Both claims recite the limitation of tilting the detector such that it is aimed at the center of the total sweep angle. This limitation is in direct conflict with parent claims 1 and 14, respectively. Claims 1 and 14 specifically define the total sweep angle as being asymmetric, where the individual sweep angles on either side of the centerline of the detector are different. The limitations of claims 6 and 19 would create a symmetric total sweep angle, where the individual sweep angles on either side of the centerline of the detector array become equal. This creates great ambiguity as to whether or not the total sweep angle is, or is not, asymmetric.

For the purposes of expediting prosecution, the examiner will assume that claims 6 and 19 allow the device to use symmetric total sweep angles.

Art Unit: 2882

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1, 2, 4-15 and 17-26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Fazzio (US 6,324,249).

Regarding claims 1 and 14, Fazzio discloses a tomosynthesis system and method of use (Figs.3a, 4, 14 and 15), including:

- a) an x-ray detector 258, and
- b) an x-ray source 200 that emits x-rays 284 at the detector, where
- c) the system utilizes an asymmetric image acquisition geometry (col.33, line 46, to col.34, line 4) where the sweep angle (relative source path) is not centered over the detector, resulting in sweep angles on either side of the detector centerline that are not equal.

With respect to claims 2 and 15, the total sweep angle is the sum of the individual sweep angles.

With respect to claims 4, 5, 17 and 18, the detector is placed at a predetermined position based upon the desired region of the patient to be imaged, including limbs, thoracic region (sternum), etc.

With respect to claims 6 and 19, Fazzio further discloses symmetric sweep angles, where the relative source path is centered over the detector (col.33, line 46, to col.34, line 4).

With respect to claims 7 and 20, at least one of the x-ray source and the x-ray detector move during image acquisition (col.33, line 46, to col.34, line 4).

With respect to claims 8 and 21, the detector moves at least in a one-dimensional path (col.33, line 46, to col.34, line 4).

With respect to claims 9 and 22, the x-ray detector remains stationary during image acquisition (col.33, line 46, to col.34, line 4).

With respect to claims 10 and 23, the object being imaged moves while the source and detector remain stationary (col.33, line 46, to col.34, line 4).

With respect to claims 11 and 24, the x-ray source moves in a translational or rotational manner (col.33, line 46, to col.34, line 4).

With respect to claims 12 and 25, the x-ray scanning occurs horizontally.

With respect to claims 13 and 26, a reconstruction algorithm produces a reconstructed image of the object from the plurality of two-dimentional x-ray projections.

# Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 3 and 16 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: the prior art of record neither teaches nor reasonably suggests a total asymmetric sweep angle in the range of 40° to about 60°.

#### Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Claus (US 6,751,284) teaches non-symmetric acquisition geometry relating to the symmetry of the relative source path in a plane parallel to the detector surface.

Trotter (US 6,633,626) and Webber (US 5,668,844) teach tomosynthesis systems that seem to appear to have asymmetric acquisition geometries, but the references are not clear.

Curth (US 4,416,018) and Ashe (US 3,746,872) teach tomosynthesis systems that appear to have symmetric acquisition geometries, but the references are silent.

Harding (US 5,473,653) teaches a tomosynthesis system that has symmetric acquisition geometries.

Art Unit: 2882

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Thomas R Artman whose telephone number is (571) 272-2485.

The examiner can normally be reached on 9am - 6:30pm Monday - Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ed Glick can be reached on (571) 272-2490. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Thomas R. Artman Patent Examiner

Craig E. Church Primary Examiner

Crang E Church